Proximal Humerus Fracture

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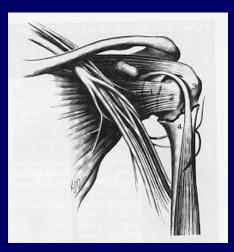
Few Lessons in Plating of Proximal Humeral Fractures

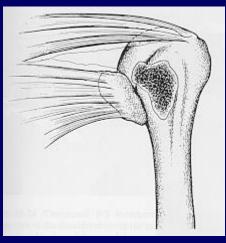
Lesson 1 – Know the Absolute Indications

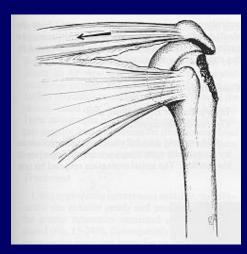


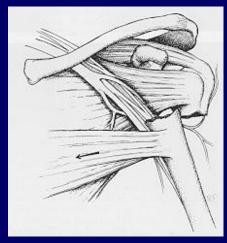
Lesson 2 – Understand the Fracture

Deforming Forces



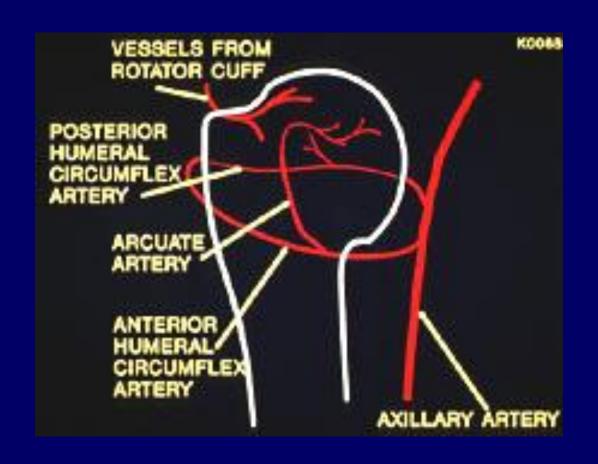




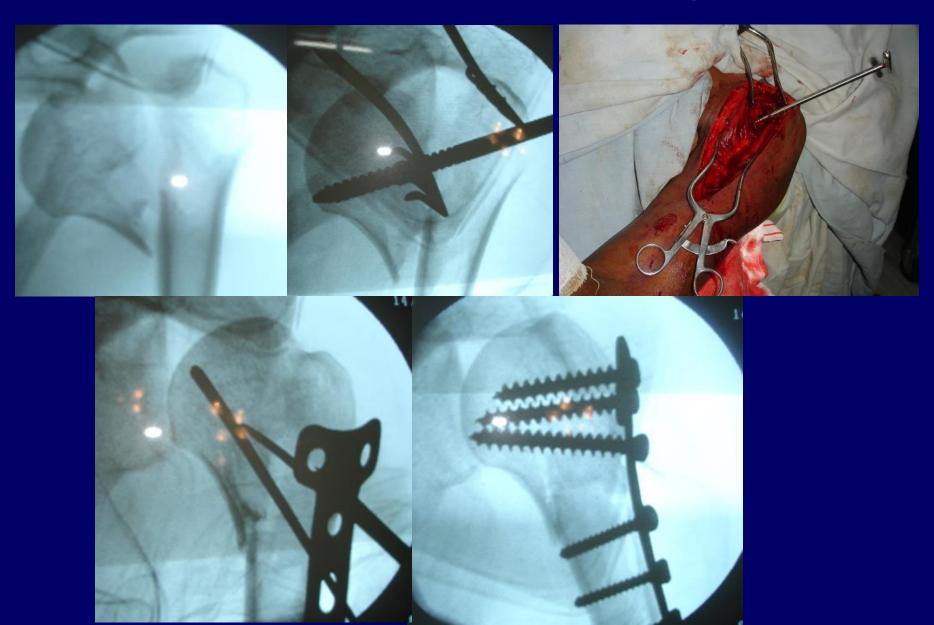


Lesson 3 — Surgical Technique

Blood supply



Minimal Soft Tissue Disruption



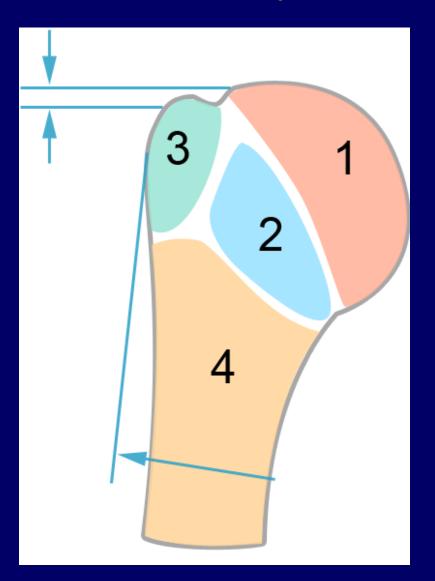
Lesson4 – Restoration of Anatomy

Restoration of anatomy

No Varus [Rietveld, et al 1988]

Restore tuberosities

- Prevent impingement
- Tension cuff



Reduction Reduction achieves stability

Internal Fixation of Proximal Humeral Fractures: Current Concepts

- No general agreement on the surgical strategy for displaced and unstable twoto four-part fractures.
- The clinical outcome is influenced by the fracture type and concomitant injury to the rotator cuff.



Technical errors

Planning____

? Need for CT scan

Type of Implant

Equipments required



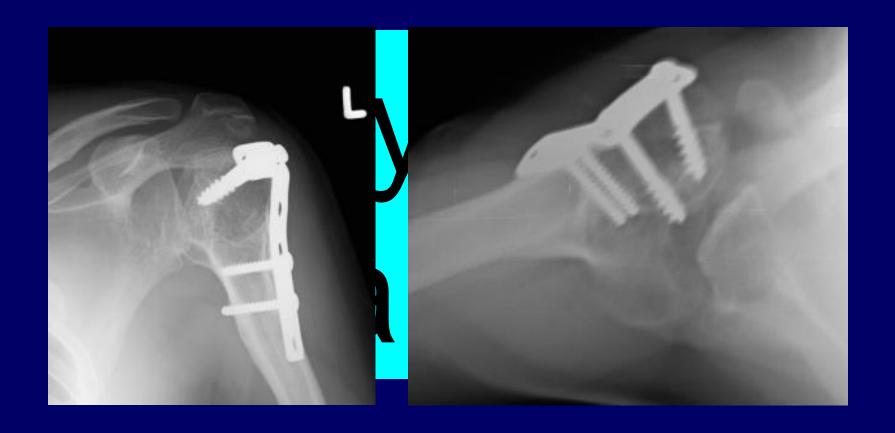


Fracture Complexities



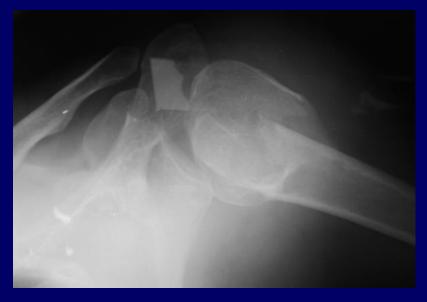


Lesson 5 -- Posterior Subluxation











Lesson 6 -- Fracture Dislocations





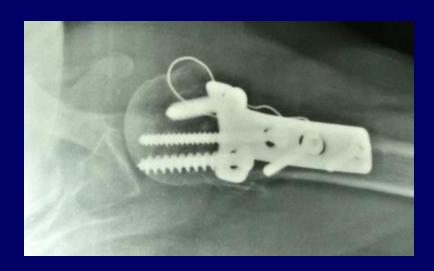
Ganga Hospita





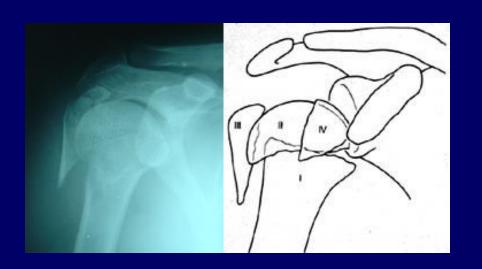








Lesson 7 – Four part Valgus Impacted Fractures



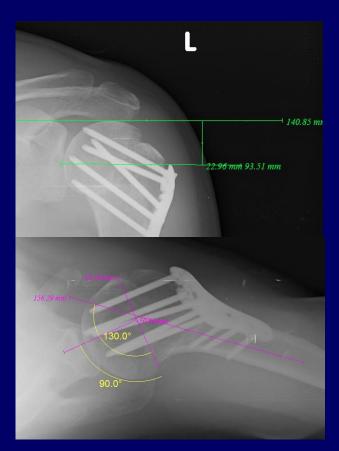
- AVN- infrequent
- More amenable to internal fixation than to displaced four part fractures

Lateral displacement of the head of the humerus from the shaft signify that the medial vessels in the periosteum is disrupted

Case examples

















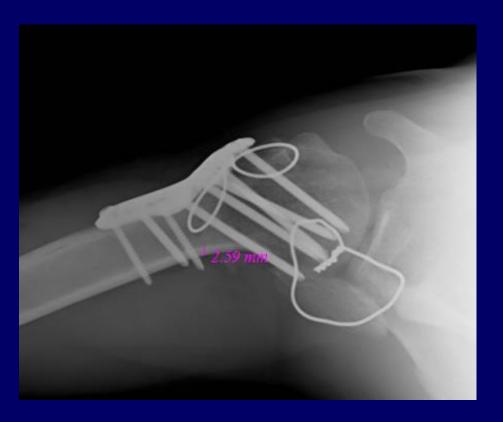
Lesson 8 – Medial Communition

Case example

















Medial Support

- Fractures in which no medial column support was obtained reduction loss and articular screw penetration occurred in 29% of cases.
- The vertical height of the humeral head decreased by 6 mm relative to the plate

Gardner MJ,Weil Y, Barker JU, et al. The importance of medial support in locked plating of proximal humerus fractures. J Orthop Trauma. 2007;21: 185–191

Lesson 9 – ls internal fixation beneficial?







Court –Brown; JOT, 2000

1027 consecutive adult Proximal humerus fractures 503(49%) minimal displaced 524(51%) displaced 116 treated operatively

Age was primary determinent Surgery did not affect results

Surgery in the elderly group does not improve outcome!!

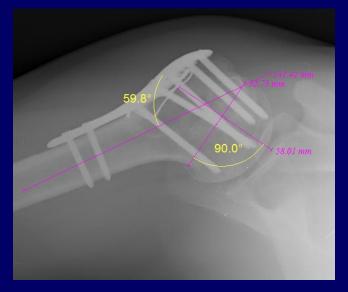
Should we operate these fractures?

Lesson 10 – Rotator cuff tears

















Constant Score Poor Result 55

DASH Score
40.83

There is also need to evaluate the cuff integrity in these patients

Surgical Approaches	Fracture / Fixation
Deltopectoral	All Fractures surgeon choice
Deltoid Splitting	Greater Tuberosity, Some Surgical Neck if using IM fixation
Posterior	scapula, glenoid, occasional posterior articular fracture
Percutaneous	Fractures amenable to pinning or nailing

Delto Pectoral Approach

Supine position

shoulder at edge Arm rest Able to stand close

C-arm Must acquire AP & LATERAL views



Deltopectoral Incision

----- Axillary groove the focus

The coracoid process is the "lighthouse" providing a palpable guide

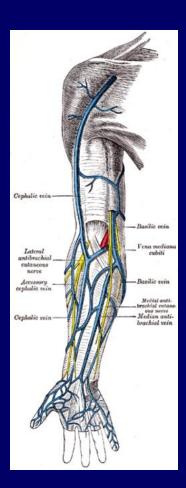
to the deltopectoral groove, that separate

the lateral "safe side"
From
the medial "suicide"

where the brachial plexus and major vessels lie.

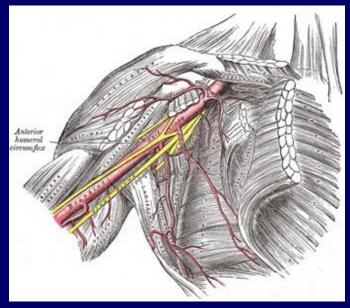
Medial to deltoid insertion, neutral rotation and abduction, Fatpad

Cephalic vein



Medial V/S Lateral mobilisation

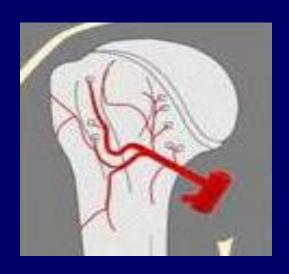
Thoracoacromial Artery

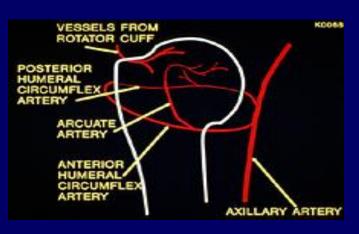




Deltoid branch

Avascular Necrosis













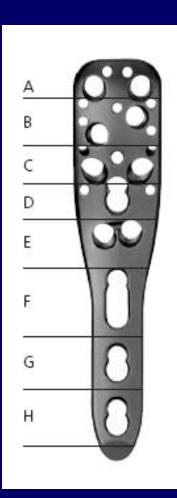


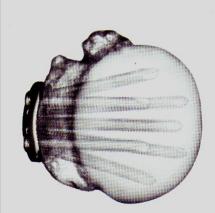


Keep the Arm Abducted



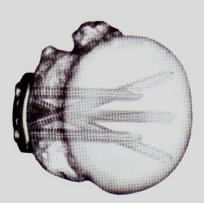
PROXIMAL HUMERAL PLATE





A, C, D and E level screws for a "diverging" screw pattern





A, B, and D level screws for a "converging" screw pattern



THANK YOU